



2018 Annual Data Review

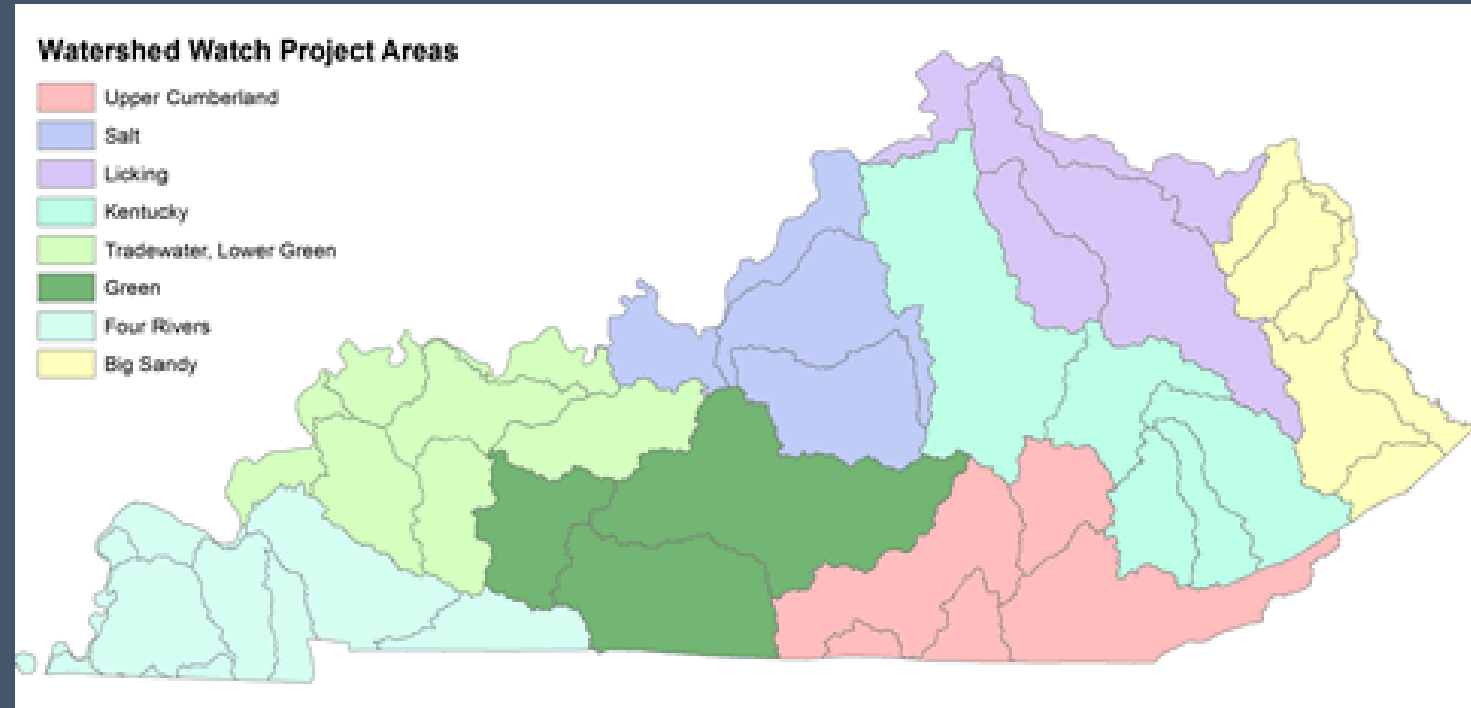
Four Rivers Watershed Watch

What is WWKY?

- **Mission:** support a citizens monitoring effort to improve and protect water quality by raising community awareness and supporting implementation of the goals of the Clean Water Act and other water quality initiatives
- **Purpose:** coordinate and advise the basin groups across the state, supporting citizen scientists by providing the necessary tools to collect and interpret their data
- Made up of representatives from each basin and from our three founding partners (Kentucky Division of Water, Kentucky Waterways Alliance, and Sierra Club)

What is WWKY?

- Creates a common agenda for the eight basin groups, setting the standards for engagement with volunteers across the state, and coordinating with partnering organizations that promote clean water in Kentucky

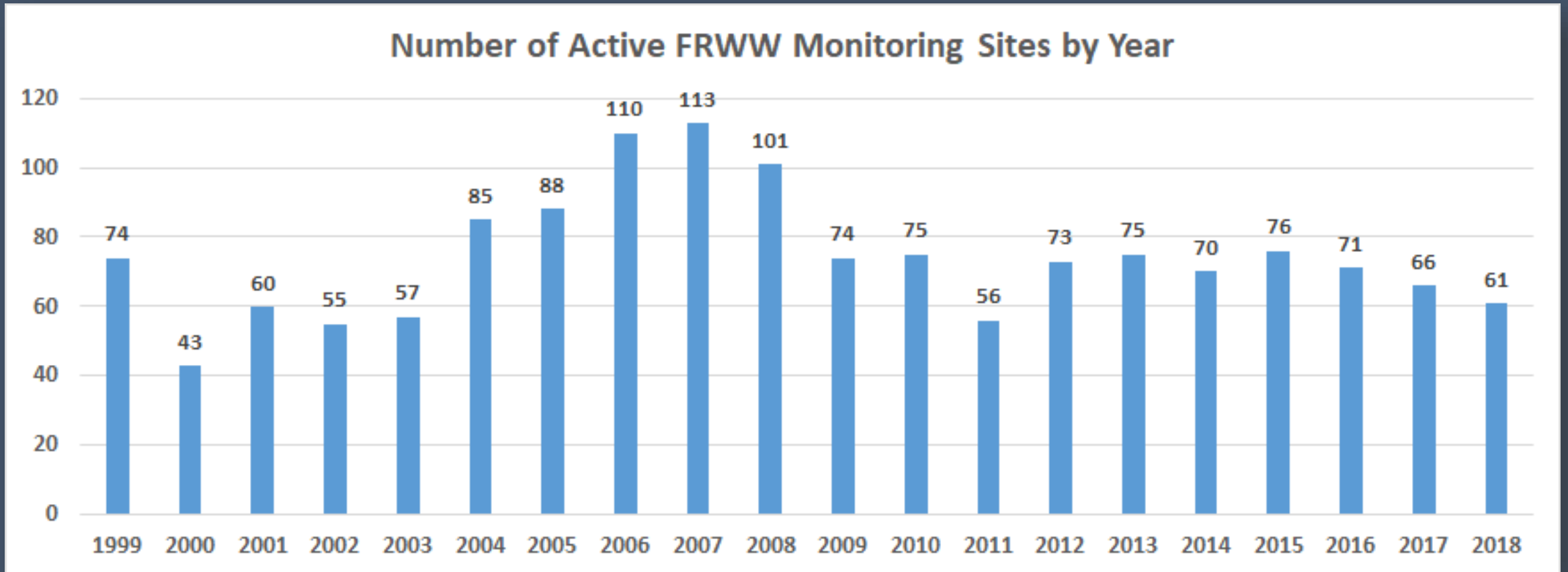


WWKY Committees

- Finance Committee
- Organizational Operations Committee
- Basin Support Committee
- Outreach Committee
- Citizen Action Committee
- Science Advisory Committee

We are always looking for representatives from each basin to serve on these committees!

Sampling Sites by Year



2018 Active Sites

61 sites sampled...

in 14 HUC 10 Watersheds
(7 watersheds with 3 or more sites)...

and in 19 Counties.

Counties in need of sites:

- Ballard
- Carlisle
- Fulton
- Graves
- Hickman
- Livingston
- West McCracken
- Todd

Legend

▲ FRWW 2018 Sites

Spring Use Support

● Full Support

● Non Support

Stream Use Support

— Full Support

— Unassessed

— Non Support

Lake Use Support

■ Full Support

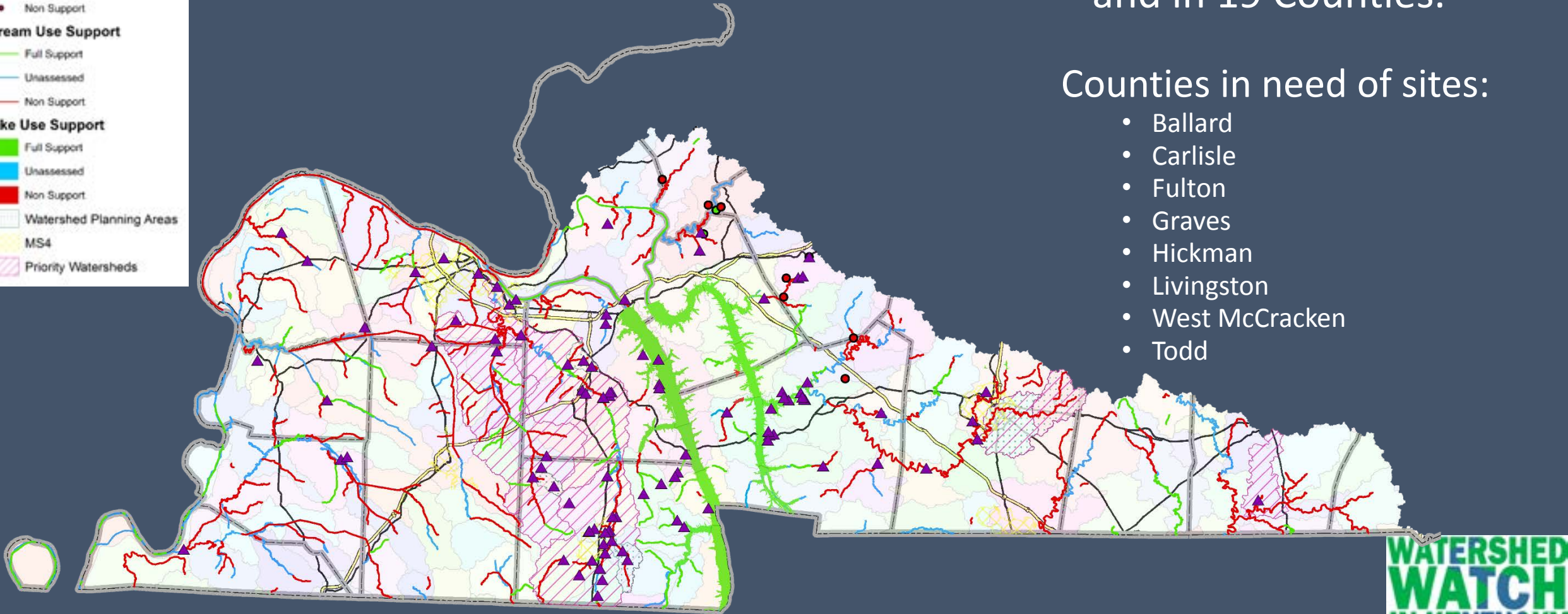
■ Unassessed

■ Non Support

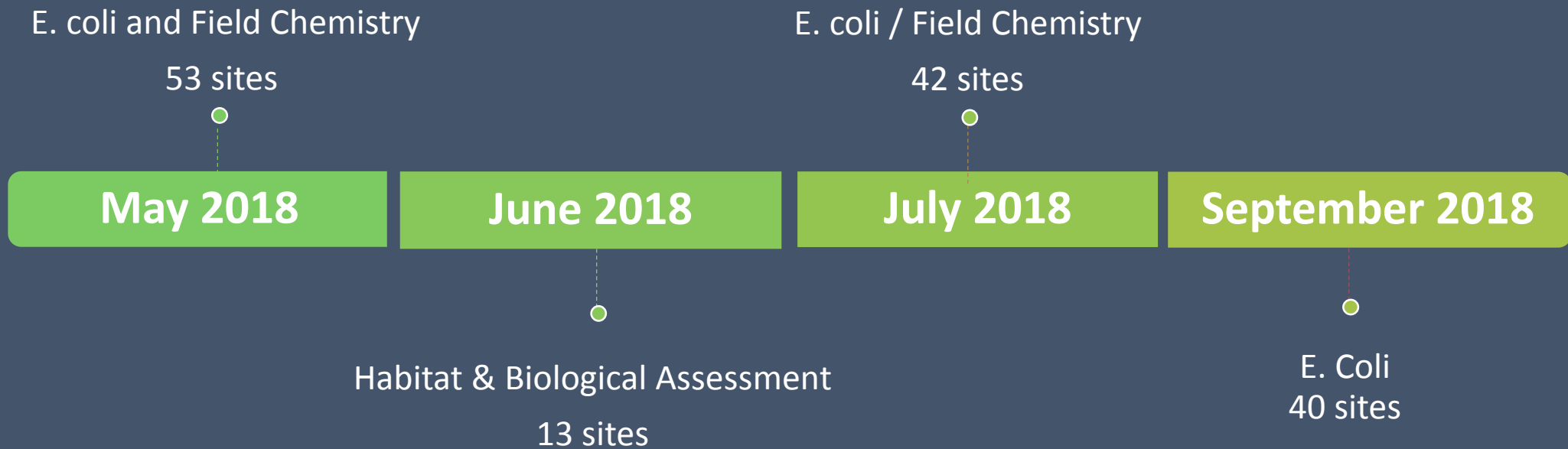
▨ Watershed Planning Areas

■ MS4

▨ Priority Watersheds



2018 Sampling Overview



Streams are constantly changing



GRAB SAMPLE & FIELD CHEMISTRY

- Instantaneous water quality
- Quick process
- Specific pollutant analysis



BIOLOGICAL & HABITAT ASSESSMENT

- Water quality over time
- Takes more time
- Collective pollution indication

VS.

Field Parameters



↑ This good quality stream has higher dissolved oxygen, lower temperature and balanced pH.

Why?? Shade, riparian (stream side) vegetation, stable stream banks, low nutrients.

Dissolved Oxygen

pH

Temperature

Conductivity



Why Monitor Dissolved Oxygen?

- Essential for aquatic life – fish, aquatic insects
- KY Criteria:
 - Instantaneous: greater than or equal to 4.0 milligrams per liter, mg/l (or parts per million, ppm)
 - 24-hour Average: greater than or equal to 5.0 mg/l
- WWKY data compared to **instantaneous criteria (4.0 mg/l)**

KY Criteria: 401 KAR 10:031

<http://www.lrc.ky.gov/kar/401/010/031.htm>

14
13
12
11
10
9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
0

Dissolved Oxygen Levels

10-14 mg/l excellent

7-10 mg/l good

5 mg/l KY Surface Water Standard (chronic)

4 mg/l KY Surface Water Standard (acute)

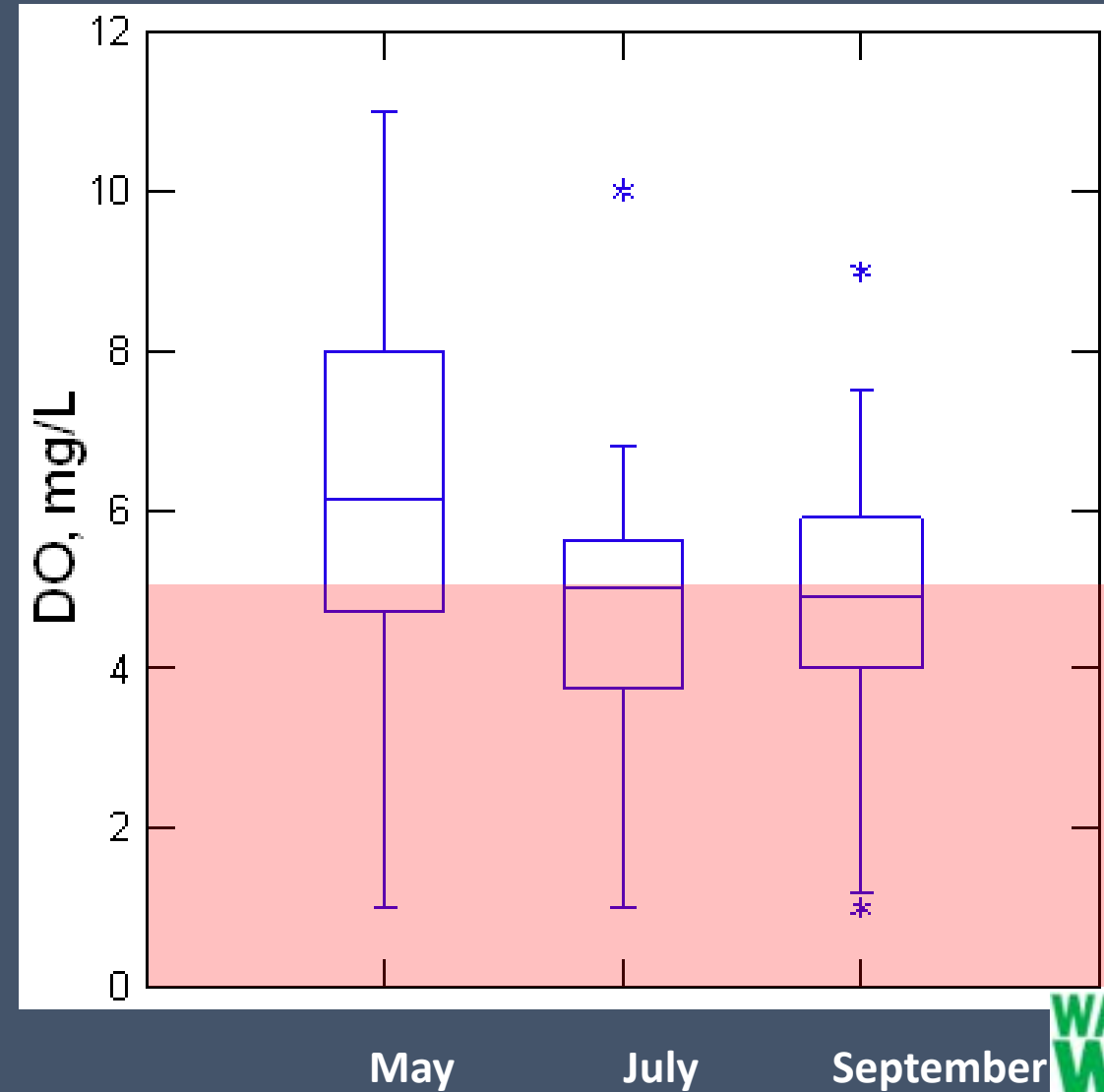
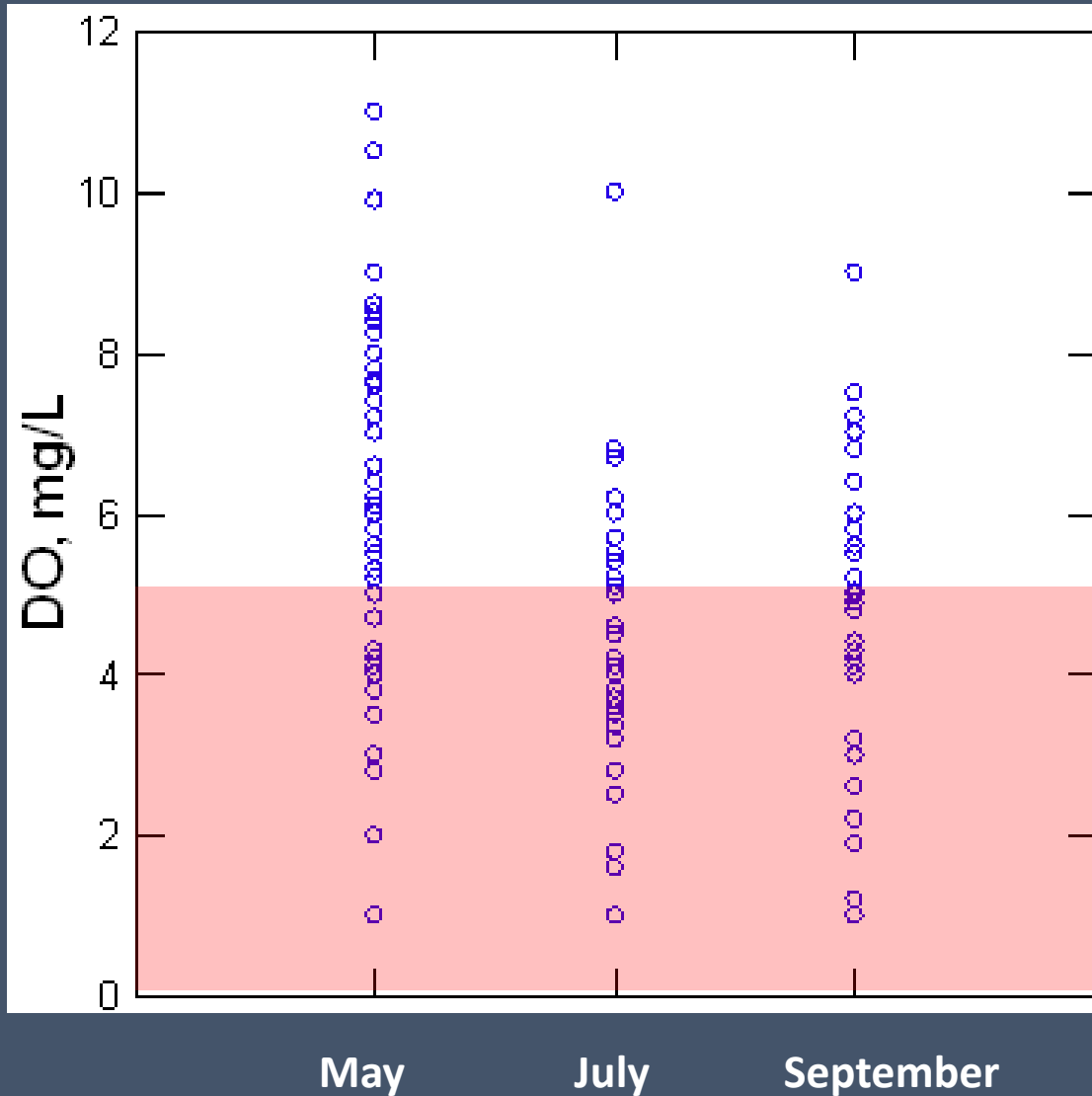
0-4 mg/l poor

What Can Lower Dissolved Oxygen?

- Presence of oxygen demanding substances (biodegradable organic matter) in the water
- Nutrients from farm fields or urban areas
- Lack of shade



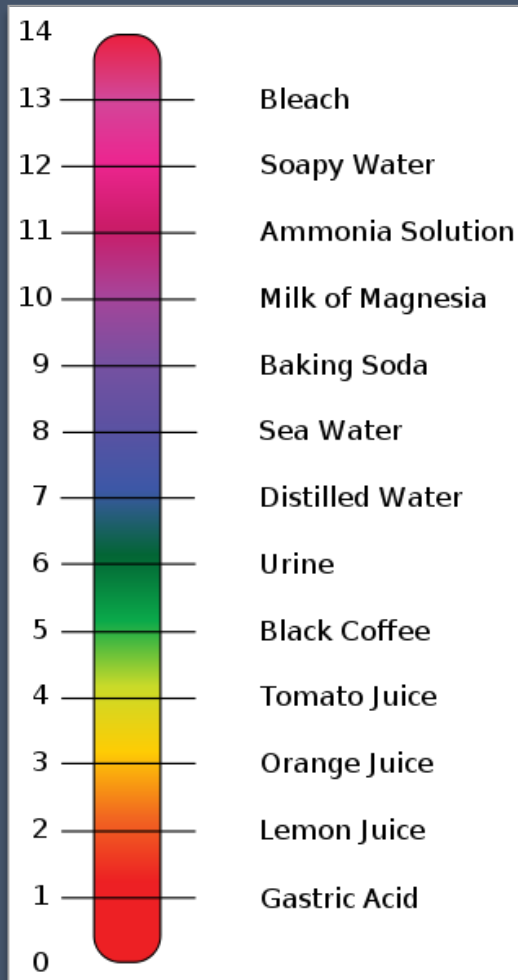
2018 FRWW Dissolved Oxygen Results



DO Spotlight

- ~80% of samples met DO Criteria (i.e. $DO > 4\text{mg/L}$)
- Sites of Interest:
 - 241 – Bayou de Chien
 - 281 – East Fork Clarks River
 - 308 – Clayton Creek
 - 311 – Lake Barkley
 - 314 – Bee Creek
 - 322 – Little River
 - 329 – Lake Barkley
 - 330 – Little River
 - 331 – Little River
 - 366 – East Fork Clarks River
 - 386 – Camp Creek
 - 408 – Clarks River
 - 3175 – East Fork Clarks River
 - 3185 – Crab Creek
 - 3637 – Chestnut Creek
 - 3731 – East Fork Clarks River

Why Monitor pH?



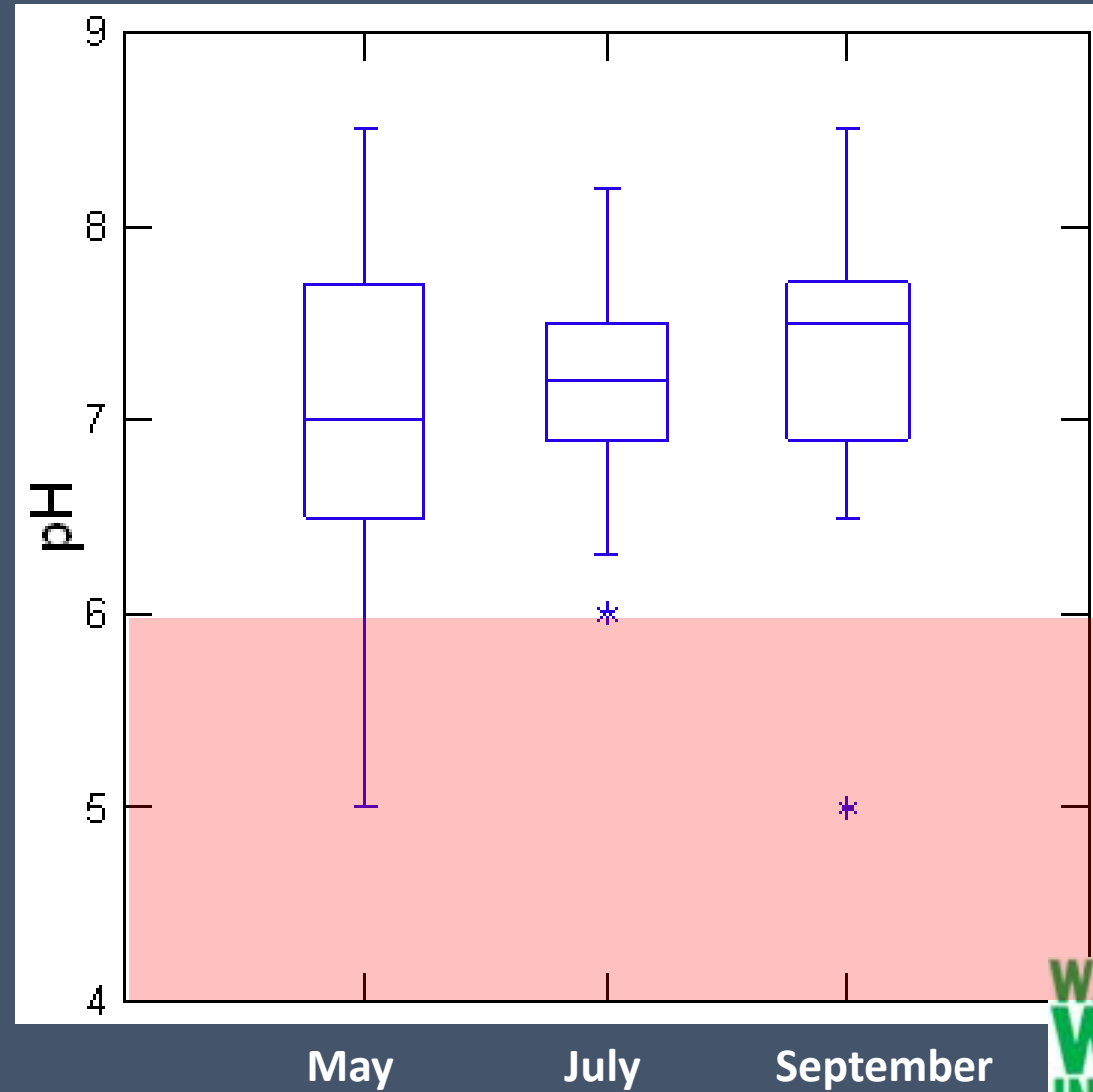
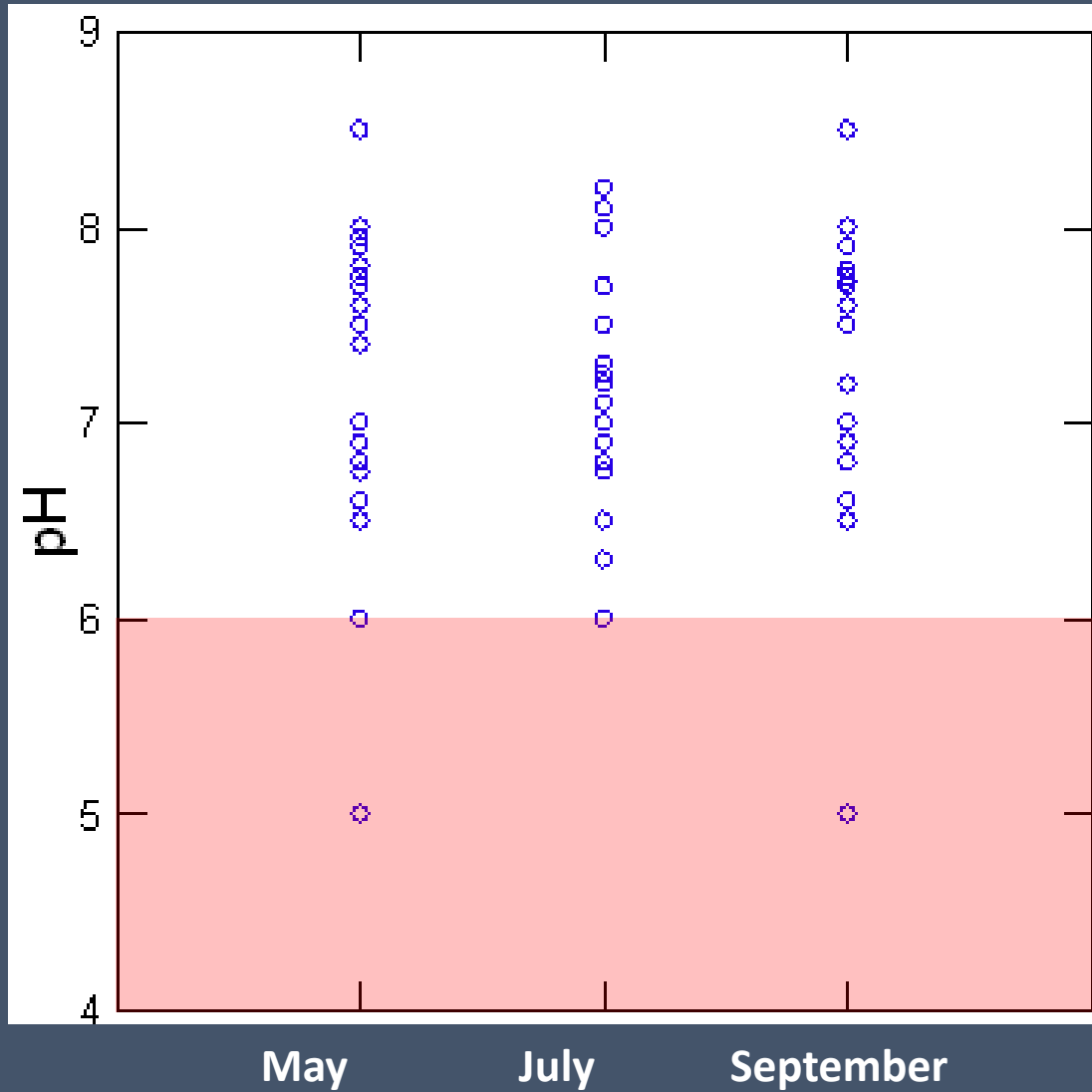
- Measure of acidity or alkalinity
- Scale of 0-14
 - 0 - strong acid
 - 7 – neutral
 - 14 – strong base
- Water outside neutral range of 6-9 pH units may be harmful to aquatic plants & animals
- Acidic water (low pH) may increase the toxicity of some metals
- KY Water Quality Criteria requires water pH between **6 and 9 pH units**

What Affects pH?

- Natural variations because of photosynthesis (increases pH) and respiration/decomposition (decreases pH)
- Acid rain
- Agricultural runoff (lime)



2018 FRWW pH Results



pH Spotlight

- ~93% of samples met pH criteria (between 6 and 9)
- Sites of Interest:
 - 273 – West Fork Mayfield Creek
 - 322 – Little River
 - 372 – Hopson Creek

Why monitor water temperature?

- Celsius scale:
 - 0 °C is the freezing point for water
 - 100 °C is the boiling point
- Cooler water can hold more dissolved oxygen, which is good for fish and other aquatic life
- Hot water sources:
 - Streams that lack riparian forest or vegetation
 - Runoff from hot parking lots or other hard surfaces
 - Thermal discharges from power plants
- KY Water Quality criteria requires water temperature to be less than **31.7 ° C (89 ° F)**

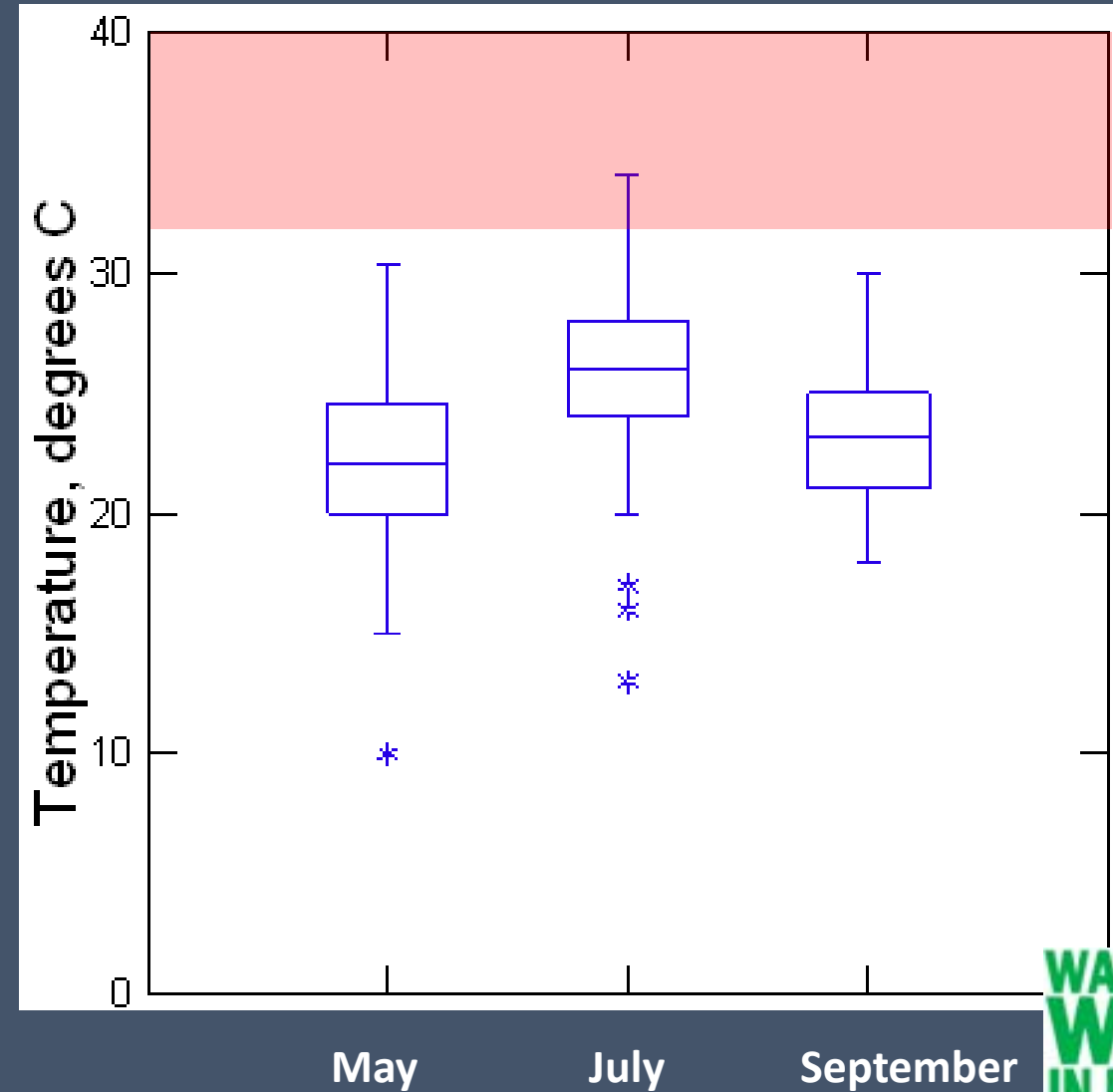
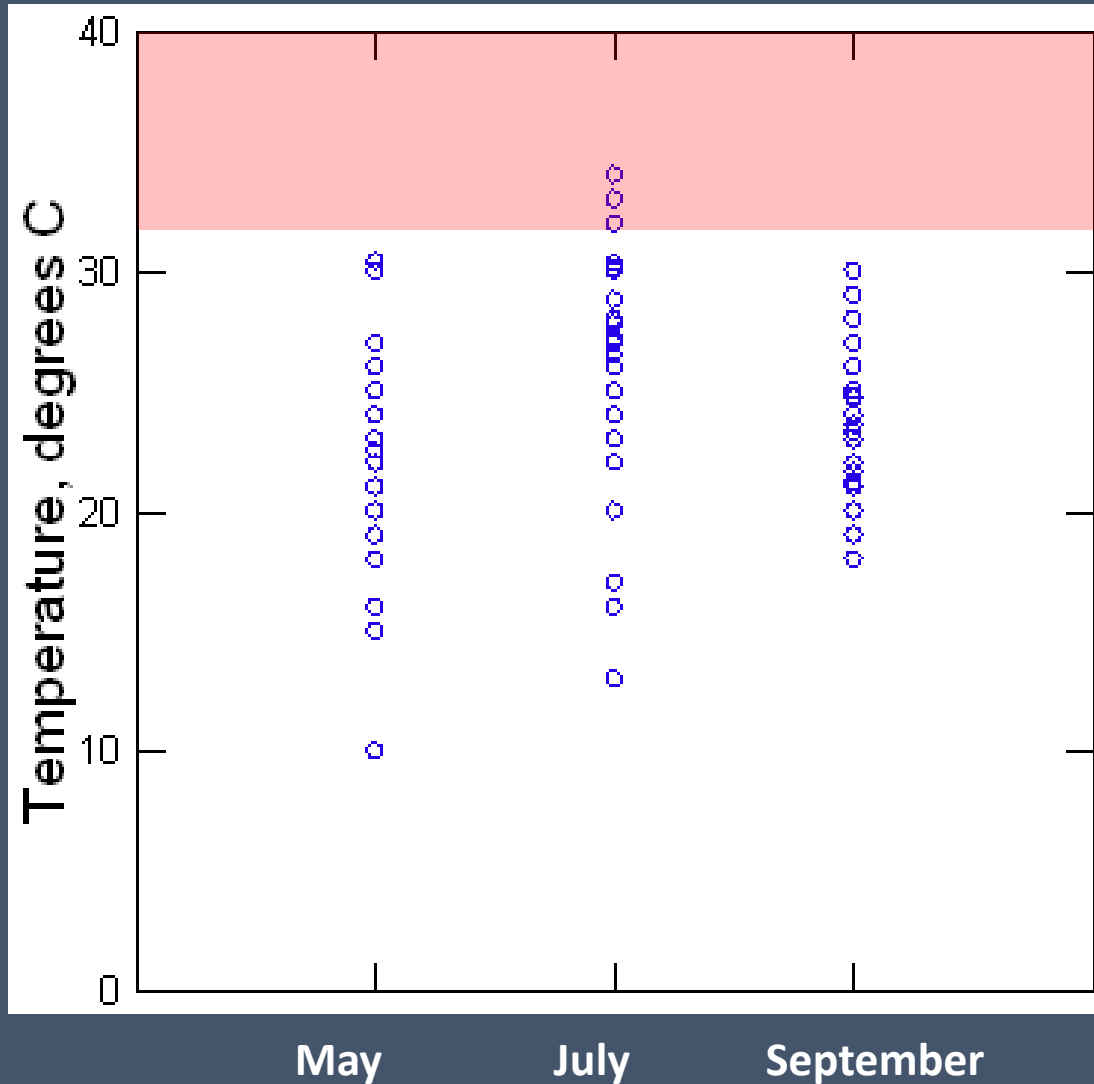


What Affects Temperature?

- Industrial discharges
- Runoff from impervious surfaces
- Lack of shade along streams



2018 FRWW Temperature Results



Temperature Spotlight

- ~98% of samples met temperature criteria (<31.7°C)
- Sites of Interest:
 - 241 – Bayou de Chien

Why monitor conductivity?

- Measure of ability of water to conduct electricity
- Higher dissolved salts results in higher conductivity
- Sources:
 - Wastewater treatment facility effluent
 - Industrial wastewater effluent
 - Road salts
 - Acid mine drainage
- Narrative KY criterion prohibits change that harms aquatic life
- FRWW generally uses a benchmark of 400 us/com

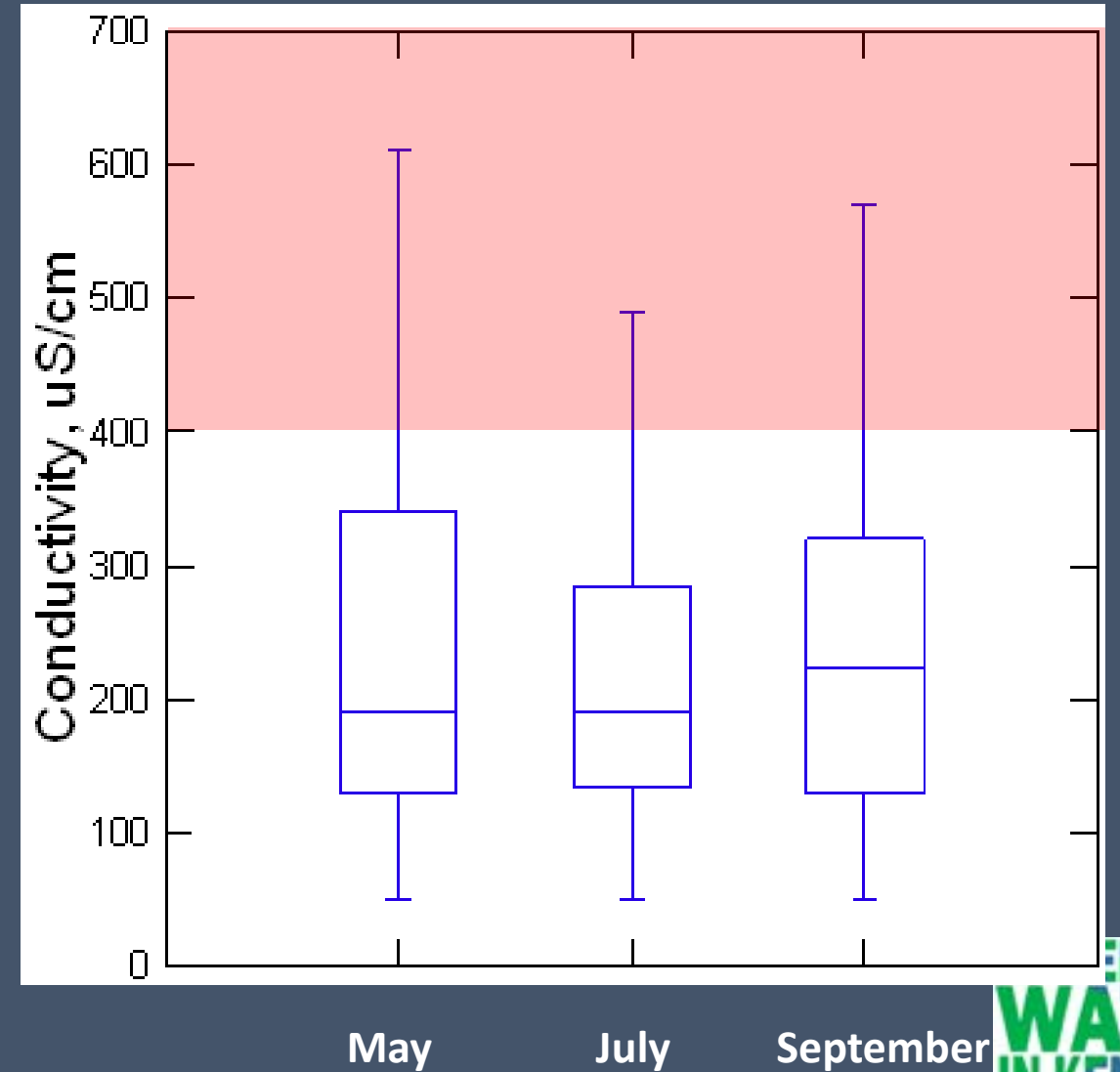
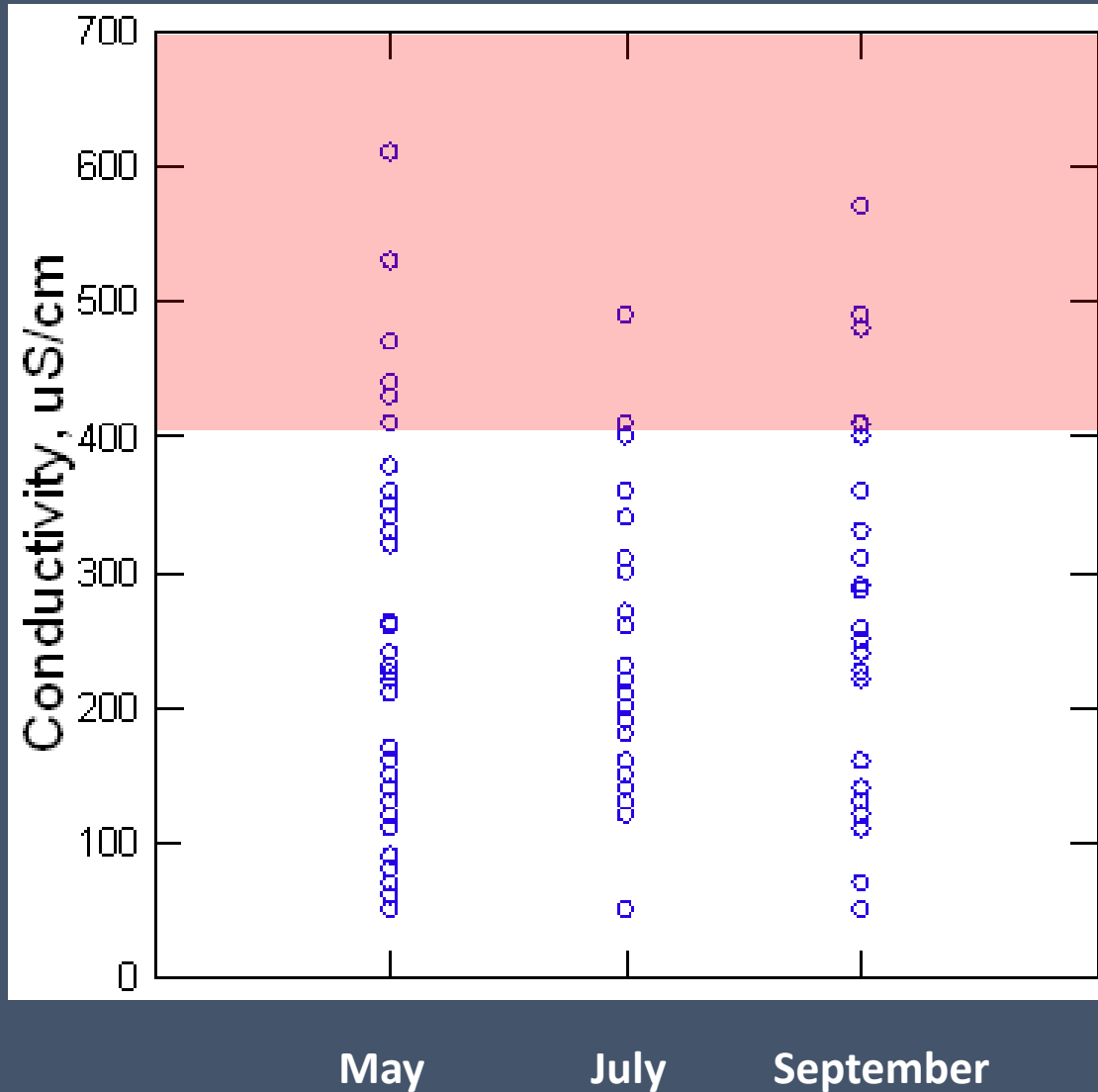


What Can Affect Conductivity?

- Parking lot runoff
- Industrial discharges
- Failing septic systems
- Temperature



2018 FRWW Conductivity Results

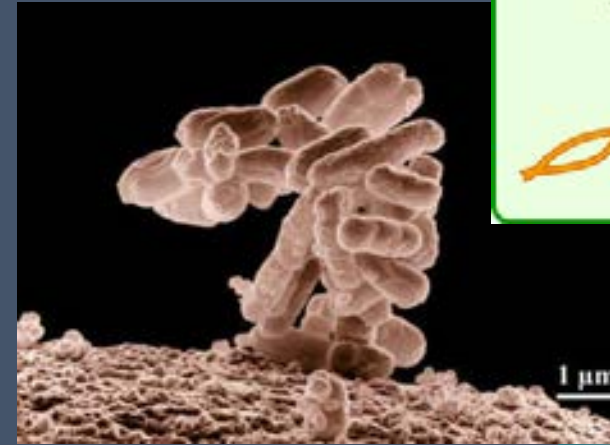
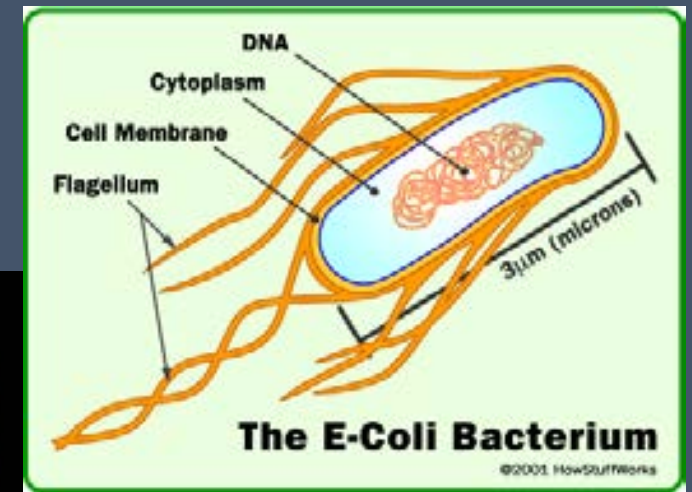


Conductivity Spotlight

- ~98% of samples met temperature benchmark (<400uS/cm)
- Sites of Interest:
 - 235 – Humphrey Creek
 - 2908 – Princeton Spring
 - 2965 – Eddy Creek
 - 3637 – Chestnut Creek

Why Monitor Bacteria?

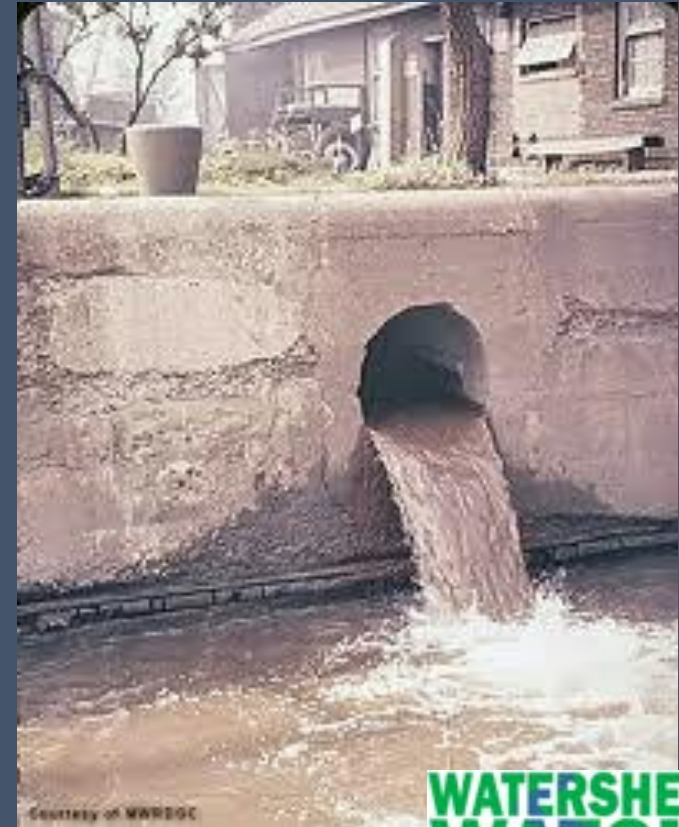
- Live in the intestines of warm-blooded animals and are passed in fecal material
- Indicate the presence of animal or human fecal material
- May indicate the presence of disease causing organisms



**WATERSHED
WATCH
IN KENTUCKY**

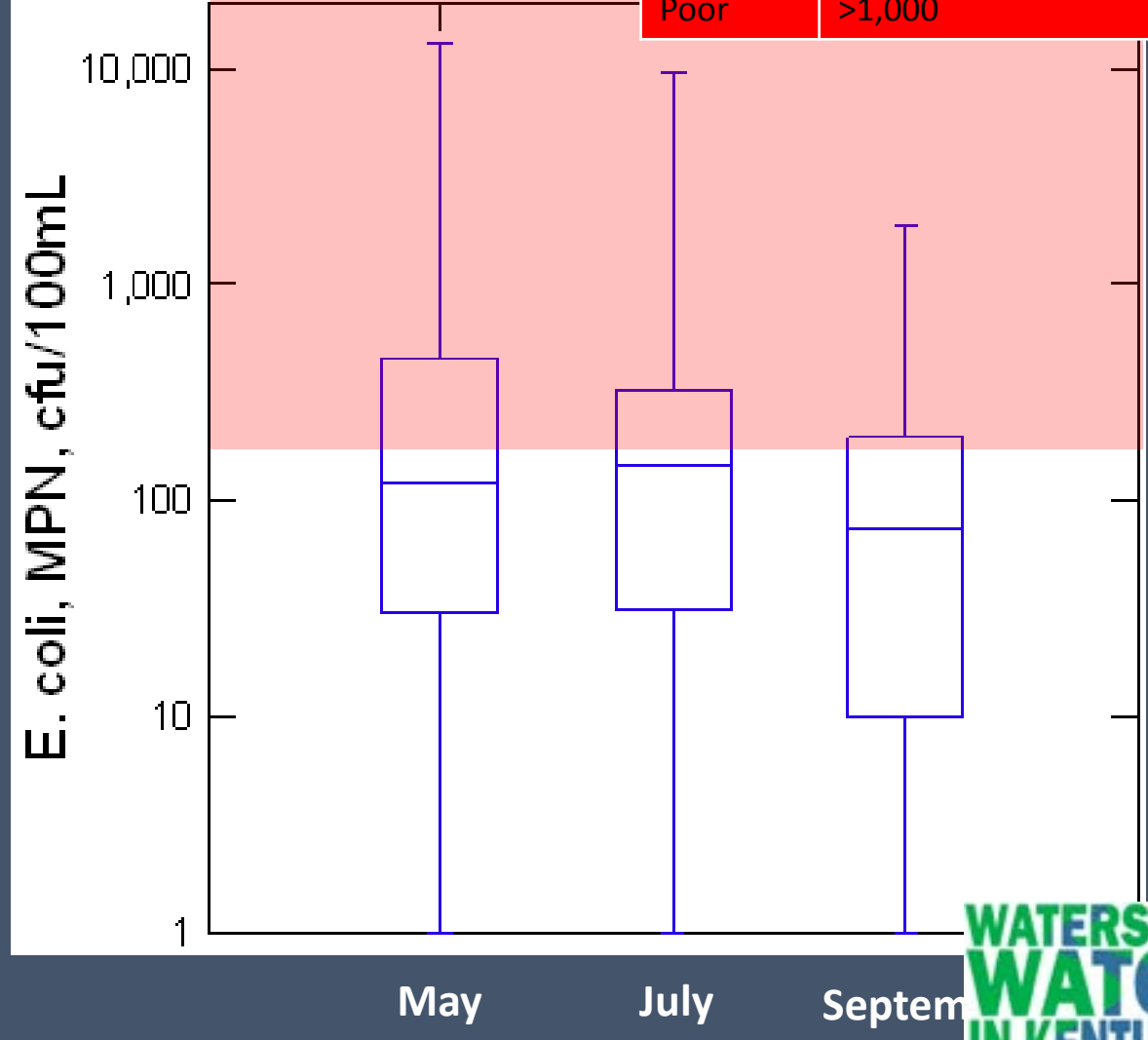
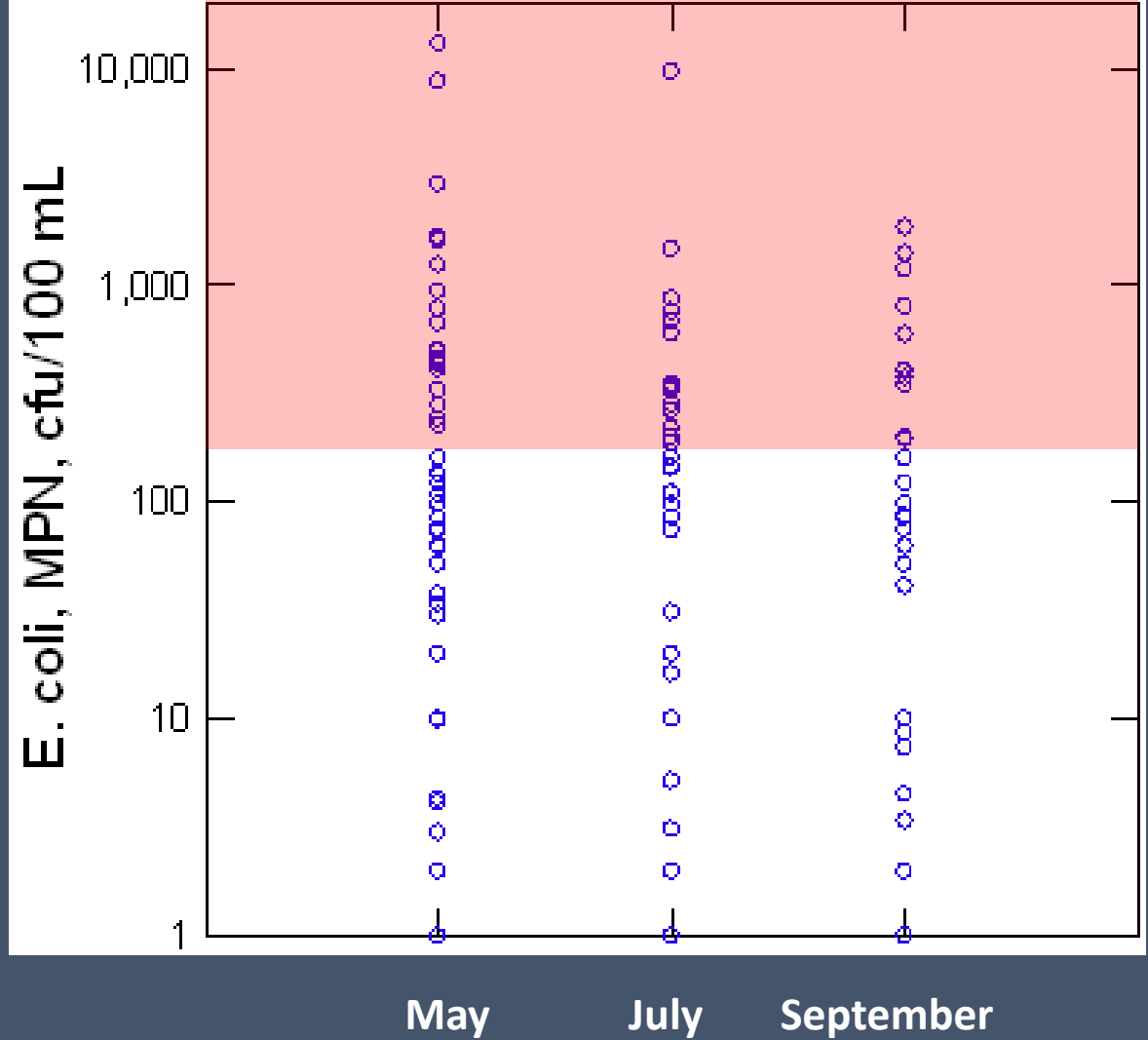
Sources of E. coli

- Potential Animal sources:
 - wildlife
 - pets
 - livestock
- Potential Human sources:
 - sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs)
 - combined sewer overflows (CSOs)
 - leaking sewer lines
 - failing wastewater treatment plant
 - sewer lines connected to stormwater lines
 - failing or inappropriately located septic systems
 - straight pipes
 - stormwater outfalls



2018 FRWW E. coli Results

Category	E. coli Concentration (CFU/100mL)
Excellent	<130
Good	130 – 240
Fair	241 – 1,000
Poor	>1,000



2018 FRWW E. coli Samples by Category

Poor

9.7%

Fair

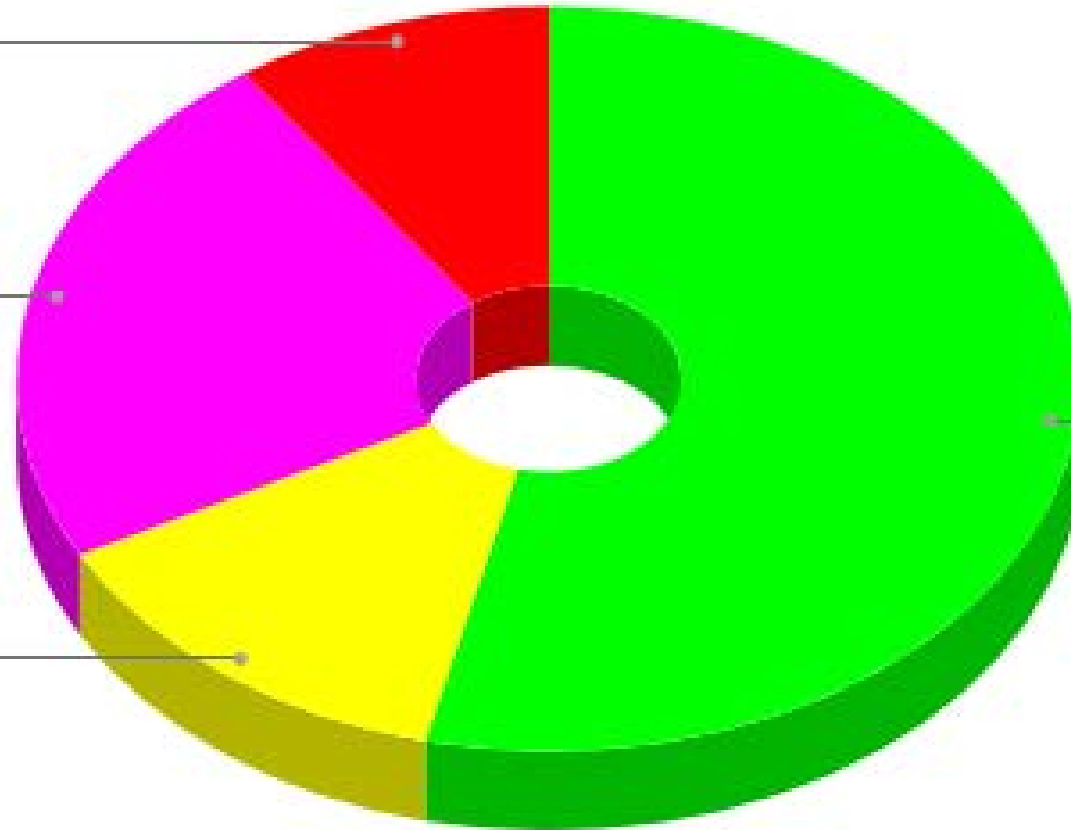
23.1%

Good

13.4%

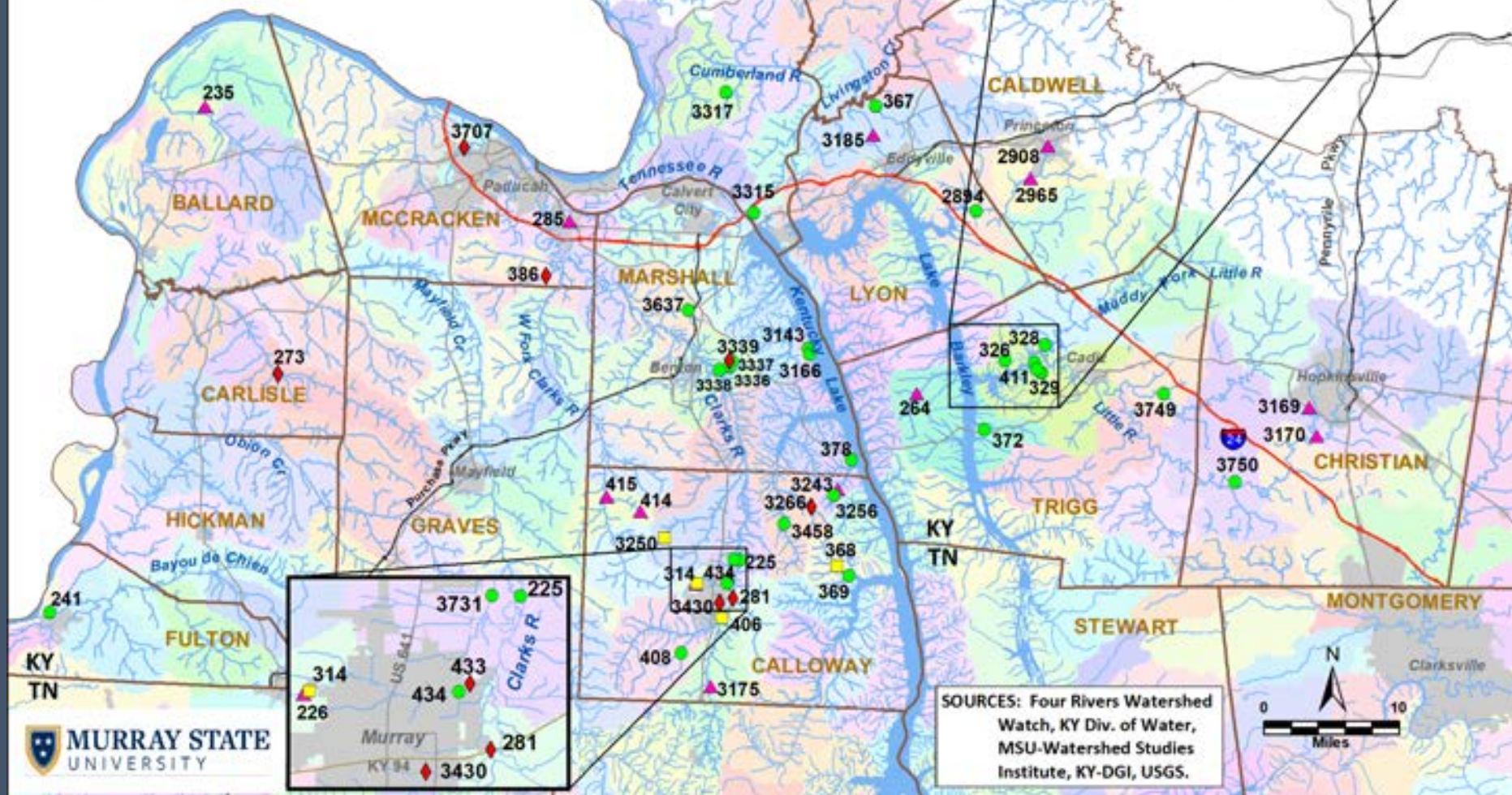
Excellent

53.7%

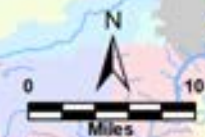


Results of May 2018 Sampling for E. coli by Four Rivers Watershed Watch in HUC-12 Watersheds

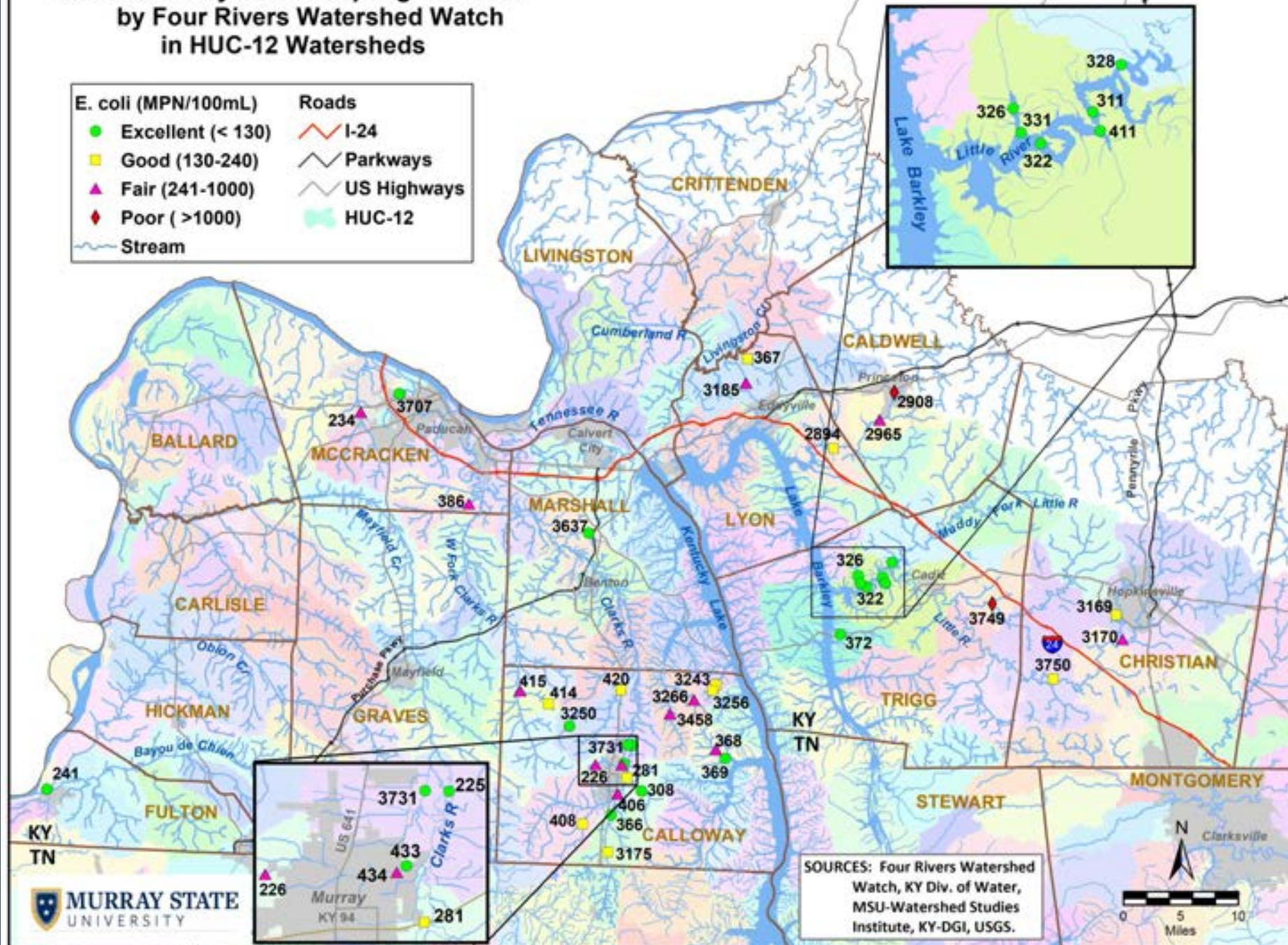
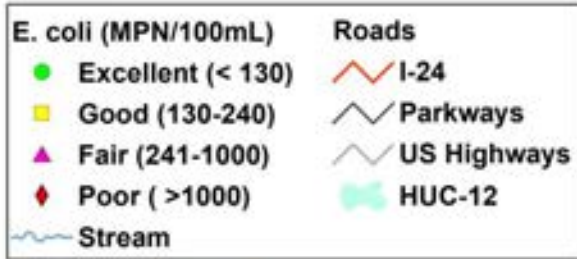
E. coli (MPN/100mL)	Roads
● Excellent (< 130)	↗ I-24
■ Good (130 - 240)	↘ Parkways
▲ Fair (241 - 1000)	↖ US Highways
◆ Poor (> 1000)	⬭ HUC-12
~ Stream	



SOURCES: Four Rivers Watershed Watch, KY Div. of Water, MSU-Watershed Studies Institute, KY-DGI, USGS.



Results of July 2018 Sampling for E. coli by Four Rivers Watershed Watch in HUC-12 Watersheds

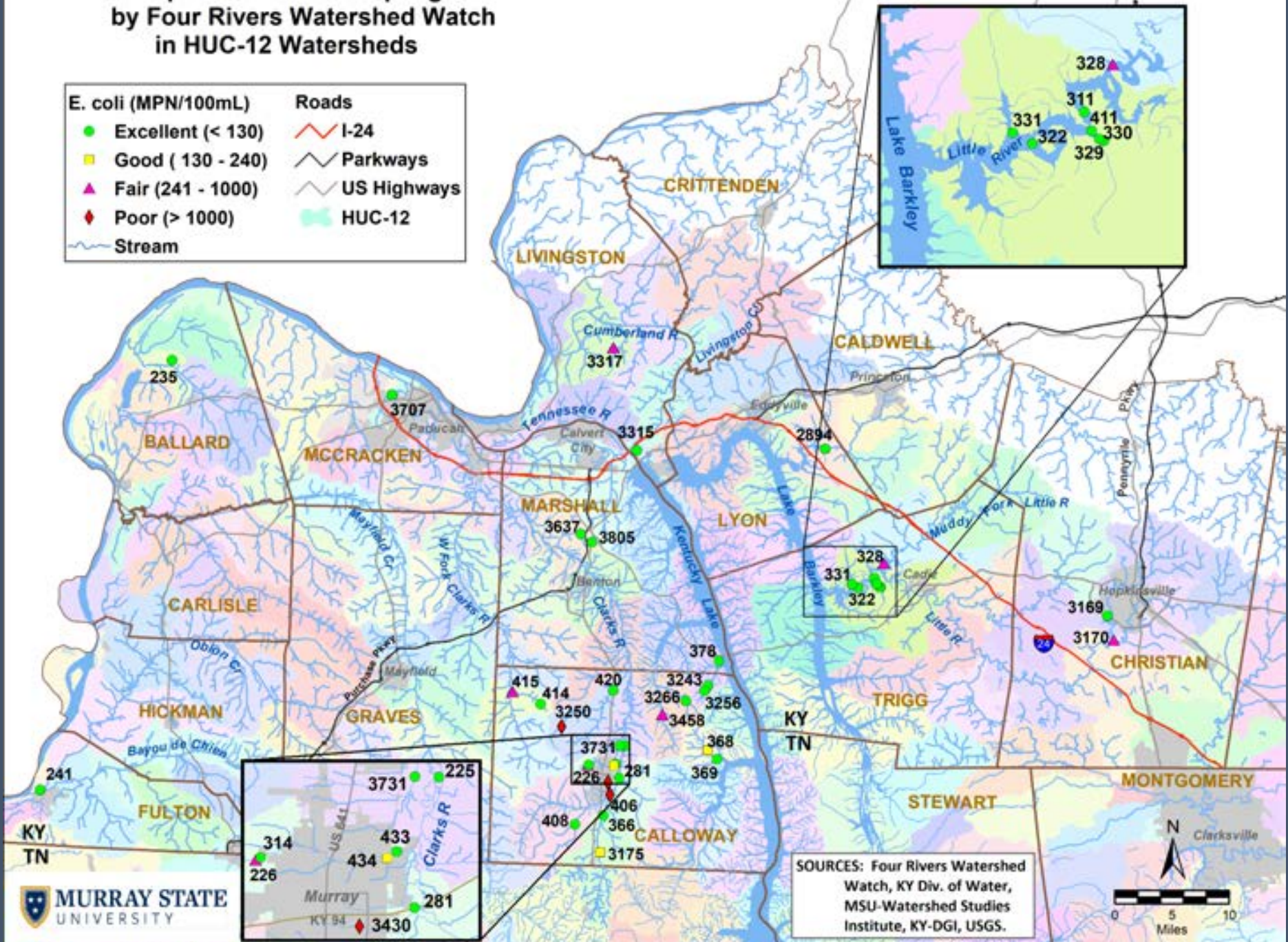


SOURCES: Four Rivers Watershed Watch, KY Div. of Water, MSU-Watershed Studies Institute, KY-DGI, USGS.



Results of September 2018 Sampling for E. coli by Four Rivers Watershed Watch in HUC-12 Watersheds

E. coli (MPN/100mL)		Roads	
● Excellent (< 130)	↗ I-24	↘ Parkways	
■ Good (130 - 240)	↖ US Highways	↗ HUC-12	
▲ Fair (241 - 1000)			
◆ Poor (> 1000)			
~ Stream			



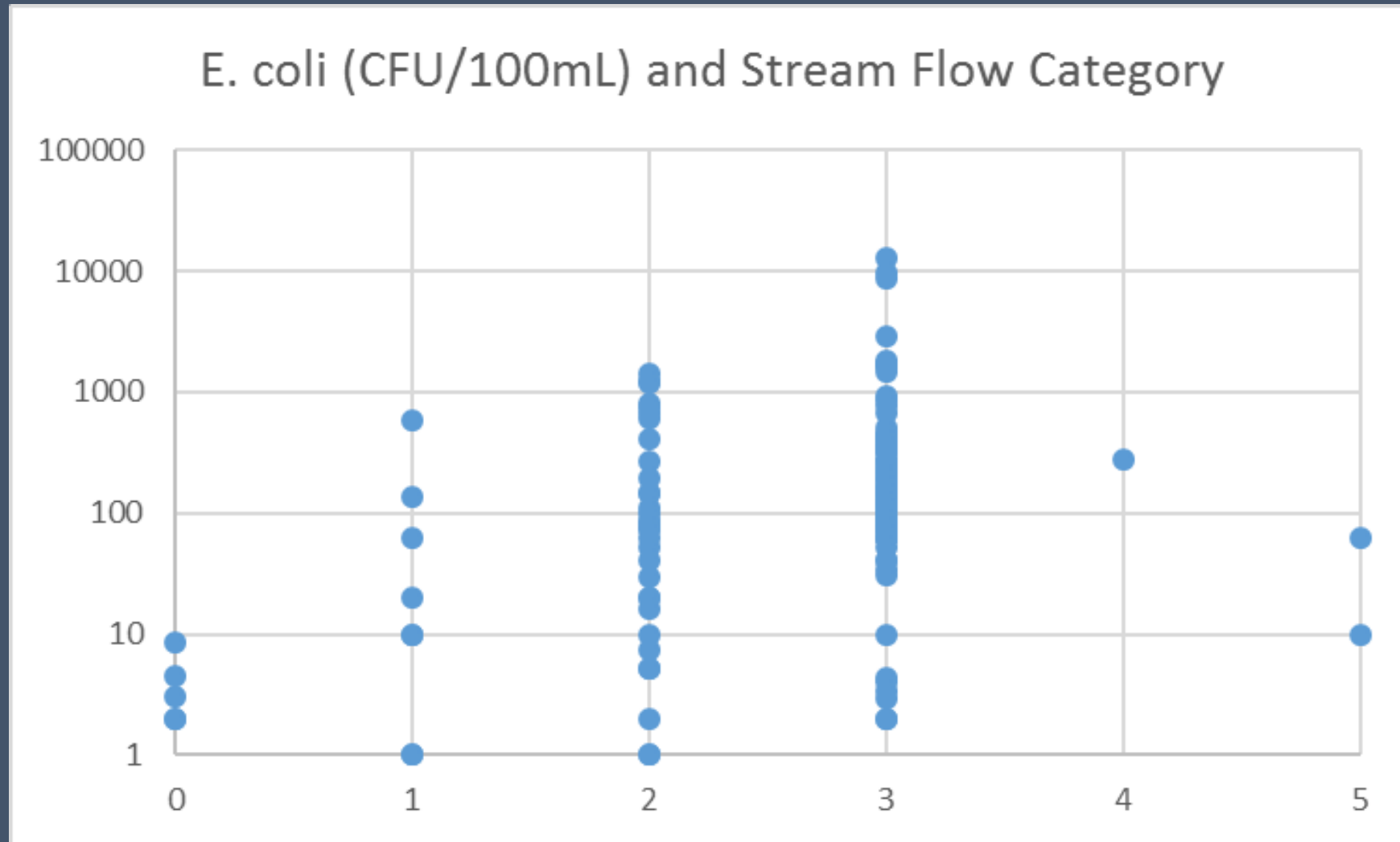
MURRAY STATE UNIVERSITY

SOURCES: Four Rivers Watershed Watch, KY Div. of Water, MSU-Watershed Studies Institute, KY-DGI, USGS.



WATERSHED WATCH IN KENTUCKY

E. Coli Is Affected By Flow



E. coli Spotlight

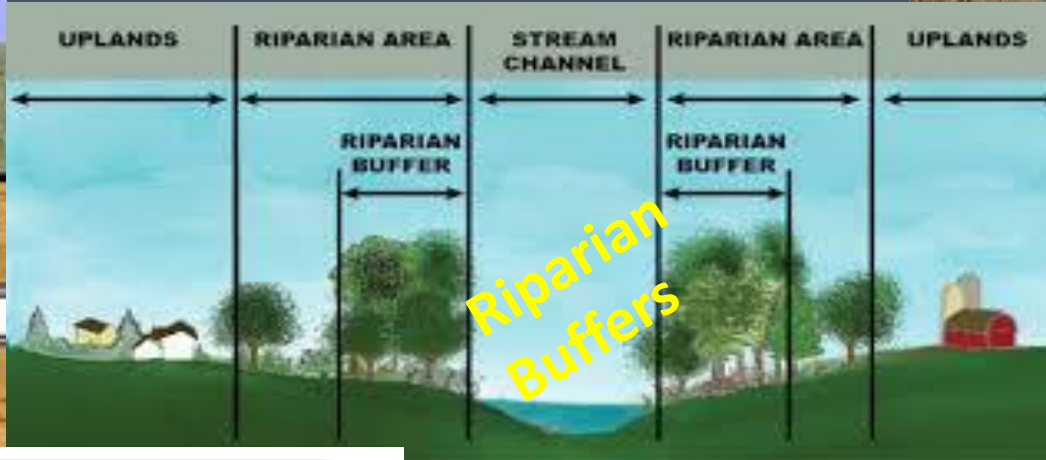
- Sites of Interest:
 - 226 – Bee Creek
 - 235 – Humphrey Creek
 - 273 – West Fork Mayfield Creek
 - 281 – East Fork Clarks River
 - 386 – Camp Creek
 - 406 – Clarks River
 - 415 – Damon Creek
 - 433 – Bee Creek
 - 2908 – Princeton Spring
 - 3170 – North Fork Little River
 - 3185 – Crab Creek
 - 3266 – Little Jonathan Creek
 - 3430 – UT to East Fork Clarks River

BMPs for an urban area

Sewer Leak Detection

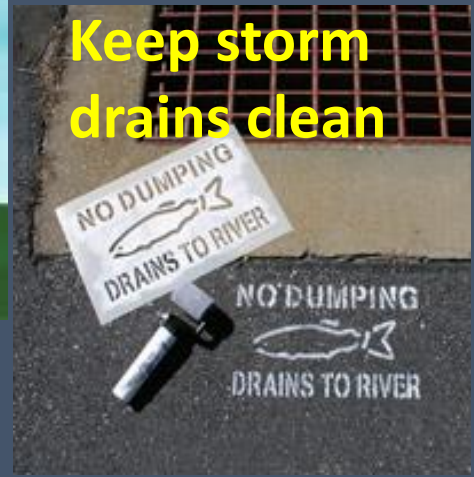


Use lawn chemicals wisely



Riparian Buffers

Keep storm drains clean



Don't feed birds by streams or ponds.



Install rain gardens



Use erosion control measures



BMPs for a rural area



Pump your septic tank regularly



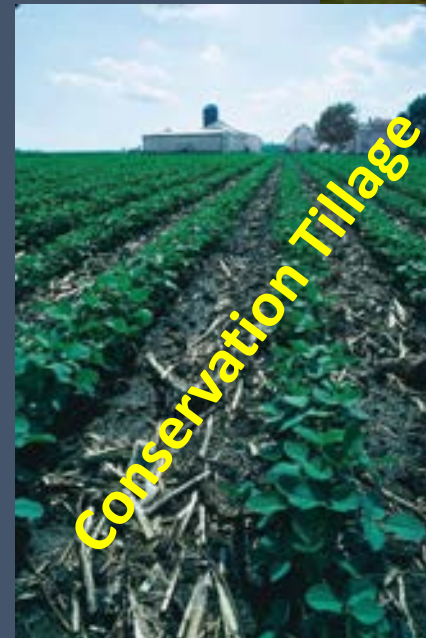
Install grassed waterways



Fence livestock from streams



Create riparian buffers



Conservation Tillage



Basin Webpage Information

www.4rww.jpf.org

- Home
- About Us
- Schedule of Events
- Sponsors
- Data
- Data Forms
- Resources
- Contact Us



FOUR RIVERS WATERSHED WATCH

The Jackson Purchase Resource Conservation and Development Foundation, Inc. serves as the fiscal agent for

Four Rivers Watershed Watch

Four Rivers Watershed Watch is a group of volunteers that conduct stream quality surveys on streams, rivers, and lakes in the Four Rivers Region of Kentucky. We encourage all individuals to know about their waterways, since the condition of our streams and rivers is an indicator of the health of our water and communities. Through our efforts, we provide citizens with the training necessary to scientifically explore and provide a snapshot of their own stream quality. The data collected by our volunteers is used to help develop plans to enhance the streams for fishing, swimming, wildlife habitat and drinking water supply.

The Four Rivers Region includes the parts of the Lower Cumberland River basin, Lower Ohio River Basin, the Tennessee River Basin and the Mississippi River Basin in the following counties:

Kentucky Counties: Ballard, Caldwell, Callaway, Carlisle, Christian, Crittendon, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Logan, Lynn, Marshall, McCracken, Simpson, Trigg, and Todd

Tennessee Counties: Henry, Stewart, Montgomery and Robertson

4 Rivers Basin Team

Four Rivers Watershed Watch



Site: 3175 East Fork Clarks River

Single Site (# 3175) Results:

Single Event Compare Events

Site: 3175 Old Site ID: Stream Name: n/a
Location of site is zoomed to in Site Search map above (click "Use a Map" button).

Select a Field Parameter or Analyte (column plot): Dissolved Oxygen (use this to plot a parameter over time)

Optional: Select a Field Parameter to Compare (line): Stream Temperature

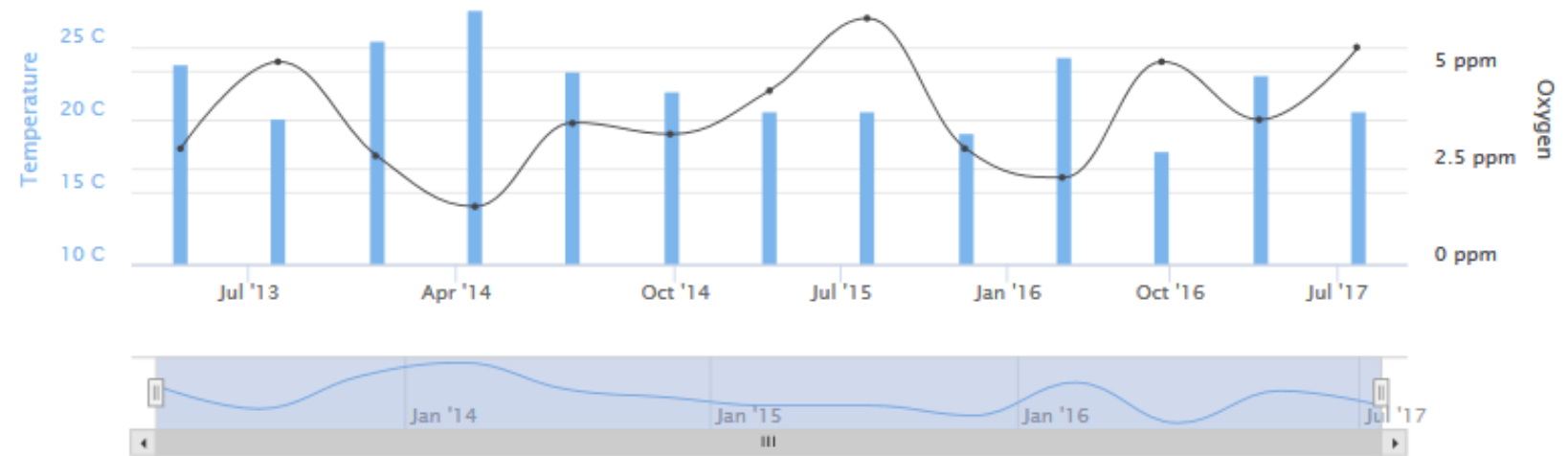
Build Graph

Analyte: Oxygen (column) and Field Analyte: Temperature (line)

Site Number: 3175

Use the scale below or button on left to change date range.

Zoom 1m 3m 6m YTD 1y All From May 17, 2013 To Jul 14, 2017



<http://kgs.uky.edu/wwky/>



Summary

- Good news!
 - About 40-50 sites consistently sampled in 2018
 - FRWW expands the monitoring resources of state and local agencies
 - Volunteers doing a great job on COC forms! *
 - Labs (HBS) doing a great job on analysis!
 - Most sites had good or very good water quality for all parameters except E. coli
 - In general, E. coli lower in 2018 than past years



* Dark and clear handwriting really helps!

Summary

- The not so good news...
 - E. coli elevated at many sites
 - Dissolved oxygen was low at some sites
- Next Steps
 - Check your chemicals!
 - Compile list of “sites with issues” for further evaluation
 - Refer to KDOW for additional assessment
 - Desktop evaluation of watershed draining to sites with issues using Google Earth / GIS
 - Produce Annual Report for WWKY
 - Schedule of Activities for 2019



Thank you for volunteering!



www.4rww.jpf.org